

**Non-Paper on
Strategic Objectives and Targets**
by the IP Co-Chairs

Explanatory Note No. 1.

The following text on strategic objectives and targets, builds upon the discussions of the intersessional process and aims to facilitate the achievement of consensus at IP4.3 through contributing to the vision for the framework instrument.

The strategic objectives apply to all Beyond 2020 activities and not just the target framework itself and contribute to the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda. Strategic objective E has been redrafted to reflect the targets.

Some targets may contribute to more than one strategic objective. Indicative timelines are set at either 2030 or 2035 in line with the guiding parameters for the thematic group.

It may be considered that the vision and the strategic objectives are placed in the core document and the targets in an Annex.

ALTERNATIVE TEXT PROPOSAL

Section V. Strategic objectives and targets

1. The following strategic objectives will guide stakeholders at all levels in their efforts to address the sound management of chemicals and waste and contribute to the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda.

A. Strategic Objectives

- A. Legal frameworks, institutional mechanisms and capacity are in place to support and achieve the safe and sustainable management of chemicals and waste.
- B. Comprehensive and sufficient knowledge, data and information are generated, available and accessible to all to enable informed decisions and actions.
- C. Issues of concern are identified, prioritized and addressed.
- D. Safe alternatives and innovative and sustainable solutions in product value chains are in place so that benefits to human health and the environment are maximized and risks are prevented or, where not feasible, minimized.
- E. Enhanced implementation occurs through increased resource mobilisation, partnerships, co-operation, capacity building, and corporate decision making.

B. Targets

Key

Countries includes legislative and enforcement authorities with relevant jurisdictions.

Private sector includes the chemical and waste industry, value chain, major economic and retail sectors, finance, investors.

Stakeholders include all the above plus intergovernmental organizations, international institutions, NGOs, and those involved in, but not limited to, labour, health, agriculture, environment, development and science areas.

1. Target A1 – By 2030, countries have adopted, implemented, and enforce legal frameworks, and established appropriate institutional capacities to prevent or where not feasible, minimize adverse effects from chemicals and waste.
2. Target AX - By 2030, countries develop and reinforce regulatory frameworks, elevate public awareness, foster international cooperation, and allocate resources to transition towards a zero-waste future, prioritizing reduction, sustainable reuse and recycling practices.
3. Target A4 – By 2035, stakeholders have effectively prevented all illegal trade and traffic of chemicals and of waste.
4. Target A5 – By 2030, countries have enhanced controls including stronger stakeholder stewardship with a view to prohibiting the export of substances that they have prohibited nationally on environmental or human health grounds.
5. Target A6 – By 2035, countries have access to fully equipped poison centers with essential capabilities to prevent and respond to poisonings, emphasizing the importance of providing training on chemical risk prevention to enhance the capacity of individuals and communities in effectively addressing chemical-related incidents.
6. Target A7 – By 2035, stakeholders have taken effective measures to phase out Highly Hazardous Pesticides in agriculture where the risks cannot be managed and alternatives with less potential risk for health and the environment are promoted.
7. Target B1 – By 2035, stakeholders have access to a global common platform based on interoperability with existing structured databases to ensure that data can be shared using harmonized standards between jurisdictions and countries.
8. Target B3 – By 2035, stakeholders generate data on the properties and production of chemicals, including chemicals in materials and products, in addition to emissions and releases of chemicals and waste to the environment, making these available and publicly accessible.
9. Target BX - By 2030, stakeholders involved in generating data and information on chemicals in humans and other biota use harmonized protocols to ensure data coherence, comparability, and enhanced data accessibility, prioritizing in human populations the disaggregation of data by age, gender, and region whenever possible.
10. Target B4 – By 2035, stakeholders apply appropriate and standardized tools, guidelines and best available practices for assessments and chemical and waste management, as well as for the prevention of harm, risk reduction, monitoring and enforcement.
11. Target B5 – By 2030, stakeholders develop and implement inclusive and forward-looking educational, training, and public awareness programs on chemical safety, sustainability, and the benefits of chemicals.

12. Target D2 – By 2030, stakeholders have adopted and implemented policies to: (i) encourage the development and use of sustainable and safe alternatives including non-chemical alternatives, (ii) embed green and sustainable chemistry, and (iii) support cleaner production technologies including the use of sustainable feedstocks.
13. Target D3 and D6 – By 2030, the private sector, specifically major economic and industry sector stakeholders, has developed and incorporated safe and sustainable chemical and waste management strategies and policies in their business models, identified their priority chemicals of concern, and the standards and measures required to reduce the chemicals footprint and adverse effects from chemicals across value chains, particularly from hazardous chemicals.
14. Target D4 – By 2035, stakeholders across value chains prioritize and integrate coordinated research and innovation efforts to ensure the transition from harmful substances to sustainable and safe alternatives for all products on the market, including consumer goods and mixtures.
15. Target D7 – By 2030, countries and the private sector proactively implement comprehensive measures to ensure and continuously improve effective occupational health and safety practices, as well as rigorous environmental protection measures, throughout the entire supply chain.
16. Target D8 – By 2030, the private sector actively implements and complies with minimum criteria for third-party/private/non-governmental standards, labels, and certification schemes that surpass established international standards, whilst countries and stakeholders provide strong monitoring and oversight to drive increased adherence, foster harmonization, and promote transparency and accountability on the market.
17. Target E1 – By 2030, countries together with financial institutions, have developed and implemented financial classification systems that enable better alignment of investment policies, decisions, and portfolios with the safe and sustainable management of chemicals and waste.
18. Target EX – By 2035, stakeholders have developed and implemented a comprehensive, harmonized set of recommendations for chemicals related sustainability disclosures and incorporated these into dedicated reporting frameworks for tracking the progress of public and private sector activities in support of the safe and sustainable management of chemicals. and waste.
19. Target E2 – By 2035, partnerships and networks among sectors and stakeholders are enhanced and strengthened, and safe and sustainable chemicals and waste management is integrated into key sectoral policies and development strategies promoting alignment and increasing linkages with various environmental, health, societal, labour, and sustainable development priorities.
20. Target E3 – By 2030, stakeholders have substantially and progressively increased the level of financial resources from all sources, including domestic, international, public, and private resources, in accordance with the integrated approach to finance; identified and reduced those financial incentives that cause harm to the environment or human health; and enhanced the effectiveness and efficiency of use of all resources.
21. Target EY– By 2030, countries have put in place fiscal policies, including Extended Producer Responsibility Schemes and Cost Recovery Mechanisms, to unlock financing domestically and incentivize the safe and sustainable management of chemicals and waste.
22. Target EZ – By 2030, countries have put in place innovative financing vehicles, such as green bonds and blended finance, to mobilize public and private capital towards investments that promote safe and sustainable management of chemicals and waste.