



The Role of IPEN and its Participating Organizations



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Past and present projects

- EU-funded Asian 7-country project (2012-2015)
 - 6 countries enacted national regulations
 - Significant decline of lead paint on the market
- GEF funded African project (2014-2017)
 - East Africa Community regional paint standard (6 countries) + new laws in Cameroon and Ethiopia
 - Evaluation “For some specific projects, giving the lead to NGOs with the appropriate capacity and experience for project execution is an alternative approach to ensure success”
- National activities in around 30 additional countries since 2009

IPEN approach: creating motivation for change

1. Data on lead in paint
2. Public awareness activities to create change in consumer behavior
3. Consumer behavior create change on the market and support for regulation
4. Manufacturers starting to reformulate and support regulations
5. Support for regulations makes it easier for policy makers to act

Overall lessons learned

- Civil society engagement important to generate support for strong regulatory controls on lead paint
- Working with industry helps with enforcement
- National collaborations following the SAICM model including all stakeholders proven successful

The key role of Civil Society

- Highly competent partners with experience on lead paint and its elimination that can utilize earlier efforts
- Can help create support from stakeholders for adopting regulations on lead paint
- Ability to implement a wide range of activities in the project countries based on need and requests



Consumer awareness activities

- Gathering and making data visibly and publicly available
 - Disseminate information on lead paint on the market
 - Working with consumer organizations
 - Creating consumer awareness and ability to choose safe paint
- ⇒ Consumer demands supports manufacturers to change

Working with national paint industry

- Meeting with paint manufacturers to spread awareness of the hazard of lead paint
- Motivate paint manufacturers to change and become lead paint elimination champions
- Can help facilitate access to lead-free raw materials and advise on reformulation
- When manufacturers have started phasing out lead already at adoption of regulation, this helps with compliance

Bringing stakeholders together

- Engaging with a wide range of stakeholders to create support for new or strengthened regulations
- Organizing broader stakeholder meetings to help strategize for successful national lead paint elimination
- Encourage stakeholders to become lead paint elimination champions



The Role of Civil Society in National Communication Activities to promote lead in paint laws: LHAP experience / Jordan

Ziyad Al-Alawneh

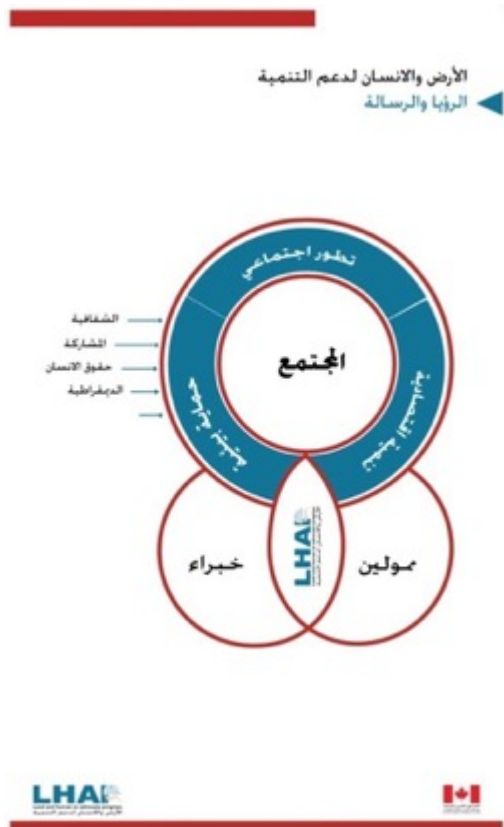
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Asia-Pacific Lead in Paint Workshop

Bangkok 21-22 August 2019

LHAP Membership and Approach



LHAP 2012 ISIP Project Outcomes

- MOH study in 2008 includes 78 paints (oil- and water-based) and 41 imported paints.
- Jordan has no legislations to govern lead in paint.
- MOH issued 4 decisions over the past 14 years allowing the use of lead compounds in the manufacturing of car, roads and other industrial paints until alternatives are secured in the international market in a commercial basis.
- Jordan has 4 specifications all issued in the year 2010.
- Collected and analyzed 17 paints from 16 brands by LHAP in 2012 in accredited lab and sought an official advise from the Specification and Measurement Dept.
- Carried out community awareness and raising campaign.
- Sent two formal letters to the MoH and MoEnv informing them of the results and requesting them to act.

Sample No.	Lab Report No.	Test	Result	Unit	Test method
1	1127	Lead (Pb)	236.7	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
2	1128	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
3	1129	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
4	1130	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
5	1131	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
6	1132	Lead (Pb)	827.8	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
7	1133	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
8	1134	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
9	1135	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
10	1136	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
11	1137	Lead (Pb)	4396.6	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
12	1138	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
13	1139	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
14	1140	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
15	1141	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
16	1142	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006
17	1143	Lead (Pb)	<1	ppm	SOP No. 3.07-01-006



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Test report is
only valid with
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stamp and
signature

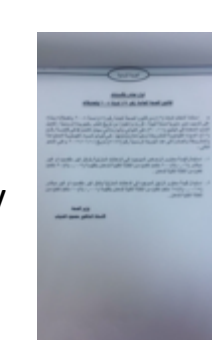
Test report
shall not be
reproduced
either than
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the written
approval of
the issuing
party.

The test
results relate
only to the
items tested.

Any drawing
or addition
in the report
will void it.



Lab Supervisor : Eng. Mohamed Odeh
Page 3 of 3
BSS Testing
المعهد العلمي
العلمية الملكية
Royal Scientific Society
Amman
Jordan



International Lead Poisoning Prevention Week of Action (ILPPWA)

- Awareness Raising and Policy Dialogue – 2015
- Develop a national legislation on lead free paint-2016
- Promote the Adoption of a national legislation on lead free paint -2017
- follow-up, the adoption of a national legislation on lead free paint-2018
- media awareness and lobbying campaign in the direction of driving Jordan to adopt a national lead free paint legislation-2019



- Media, social media and press releases.
- Printed material-lead in paint brochure.
- Community consultations and public hearings.
- Involving key persons: MoEnv, MPs, head of health and environment committee of Jordan Parliament.
- Study and research documented by a brochure.
- Addressing community at large: Government officials, sport clubs, CBOs, MoH, MoEnv, governors, Mayors.
- Using school cemented fences to write messages through involving students to raise the community awareness.
- Involving MPs, mayors, sport clubs, academic institutions, teachers and students, governors, chamber of industries.
- Preparing draft legislation.
- Allocating space to talk about lead in paint in other LHAP activities and projects.



Research Centre for Gender, Family and Environment in Development



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Activities of CGFED towards Elimination of Lead Paint in Vietnam



Research Centre for Gender, Family and Environment in Development





Research Centre for Gender, Family and Environment in Development

- CGFED is a Vietnamese NGO working on social sciences, focus on Gender, Family and Environment in Development issues.
- Mission: CGFED acts for gender equality based on freedom, diversity and human rights.
- CGFED has focused on advocacy for elimination of toxic chemicals to human health, especially women and children in recent years.
- CGFED has been a member of IPEN since 2015 and participated in the global campaign to elimination of lead paint since 2016

Campaign on Elimination of Lead Paint in Vietnam



Finding lead in solvent-based
paints for home use, 2016



Finding existence of
lead in children's
blood, 2019



National workshop:
Towards Elimination
Lead Paint
in Vietnam, 2017



Raising awareness on
lead in paint for school
leaders and teachers,
2018



**Stop Producing and Circulating all kinds of
Paints with Lead Content Exceeding 90 ppm
in Vietnam!**



Thank you for you attention!