SAICM Future outlook and implementation mechanisms:

There is no doubt that the challenges facing the sound management of chemicals still clearly affect human life and health, in addition to the escalating environmental impacts, which requires intensifying efforts at all national and international levels to join together in order to achieve a world of security for future generations, and thus the development of a comprehensive future vision for SAICM became an urgent need.

The realization of this comprehensive vision requires the development of appropriate mechanisms to deal with global challenges, and in this regard we put this paper that clarifies the future vision:

Implementation mechanisms:

The implementation of the sound management of chemicals and waste needs to put in place a clear future mechanism for the implementation of specific programs that contribute to pushing towards the achievement of global goals, which sometimes needs to be mandatory, taking into account the following paragraphs:

1. The implementation of specific goals in some cases requires mandatory inclusion in the implementation of members and setting a time limit for the implementation of commitments. Here, the need to define the objectives that require their inclusion within this paragraph and to identify the most important issues of concern that affect and relate to the health sector and protect societies from the effects of chemicals or its waste according to the principles of sustainable development.

2. Taking into account the economic, technical and scientific capabilities available to the member states that enable them to fulfill their international obligations.

3. Establishing a clear, transparent and effective mechanism to support poor countries and third world countries to help them implement programs related to chemicals and waste management in line with international trends, provided that this includes financial, technical and knowledge support for all government sectors and the private sector.

4. That the time frame for implementation be specific, flexible, and appropriate and commensurate with the size of the available financial funding and technical support.

5. Development of evaluation mechanisms to diagnose the defects and obstacles that prevent the achievement of the goals, and this will be through the following:

Mandatory implementation requires developing evaluation mechanisms to diagnose defects and identify obstacles that hinder reaching the desired goals, through:

1. Improving the level of performance in preparing periodic reports on what has been implemented within SAICM, including the questionnaire, the analysis of results, and the identification of gaps.
2. Each country within SAICM is obligated to submit an annual national report to the Secretariat on the progress of implementation.

3. Establishing an international council of experts to undertake the task of evaluating and providing support and advice to the participating countries.

4. It is not necessary to put in place a mechanism for penalties against non-compliant members. Instead, the Secretariat, in cooperation with the Assembly of Experts, studies each case separately from the others, taking into account available capabilities, political and economic stability, and making recommendations that help members overcome difficulties.

Financial support:

Work to increase funding for strategic approach activities and implement national action plans by activating the polluter pays principle, as well as by increasing contributions from donor countries and enhancing donor confidence in achieving global goals and sustainable development.

Funding also requires the development of transparent, flexible and available mechanisms for financing and implementing plans through:

A. The requesting country should have the capacity to implement international obligations through the development of national plans subject to evaluation.

B. Performance evaluation through annual national reports and the extent of all members’ commitment to providing communication reports on the ground.

C. Availability of political will.

D. Developing and updating legislations in line with the challenges.

E. Funding should be inclusive of all issues related to chemicals and waste, and it should include topics related to transfer of expertise, training, workshops and technical support.

F. It is important to activate the polluter pays principle, but this requires a good view of the enforcement mechanism. In no case can the issue be viewed from one angle, but all economic and political considerations must be taken into account.

G. The economic challenges must be taken into consideration and that the financing mechanisms do not constitute a burden on the economy

Technical support and information exchange:
The implementation of commitments to reach the desired goals requires concerted efforts in technical support and providing information to all in the principle that we share this planet and that the damage that occurs in part is harm to all, which requires:

1. Establishing an effective mechanism for exchanging information and experiences in various fields, including the establishment of workshops to transfer experiences between member states on how to manage critical issues.

2. Proposing the establishment of an expert council within SAICM for scientific advice to members and proposing solutions to problems facing the implementation of plans and programs.

3. Disseminating research on critical issues, updating the information contained therein, and creating a specialized website within the Strategic Approach to International Chemicals Management to serve as a scientific library that can be referred to in all issues.

**Promote women’s participation:**

In order to enhance the participation of women in implementing global plans, several steps must be taken, including:

1. Implementing community awareness programs focusing in particular on the role of women in implementing chemicals management programs

2. Enhancing the role of women in decision-making, especially in the third world countries

3. Transferring knowledge and promoting education plans.